# **pVAC-Seq Documentation**

Release 4.0.4

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pVAC-Seq is a cancer immunotherapy pipeline for the identification of personalized Variant Antigens by Cancer Sequencing (pVAC-Seq) that integrates tumor mutation and expression data (DNA- and RNA-Seq). It enables cancer immunotherapy research by using massively parallel sequence data to predicting tumor-specific mutant peptides (neoantigens) that can elicit anti-tumor T cell immunity. It is being used in studies of checkpoint therapy response and to identify targets for cancer vaccines and adoptive T cell therapies. For more general information, see the manuscript published in Genome Medicine.

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**Features** 

### **SNV** and Indel support

pVAC-Seq offers epitope binding predictions for missense, inframe indel, and frameshift mutations.

### VCF support

pVAC-Seq uses a single-sample VCF file as its input. This VCF file must be annotated with VEP. See the *Prerequisites* for more information.

### No local install of epitope prediction software needed

pVAC-Seq utilizes the IEDB RESTful web interface. This means that none of the underlying prediction software, like NetMHC, needs to be installed locally.

#### Support for local installation of the IEDB Analysis Resources

pVAC-Seq provides the option of using a local installation of the IEDB MHC class I and class II binding prediction tools.

#### MHC Class I and Class II predictions

Both MHC Class I and Class II predictions are supported. Simply choose the desired prediction algorithms and HLA alleles during processing and Class I and Class II prediction results will be written to their own respective subdirectories in your output directory.

By using the IEDB RESTful web interface, pVAC-Seq leverages their extensive support of different prediction algorithms.

MHC Class I Prediction Algorithm	Version
NetMHCpan	2.8
NetMHC	4.0
NetMHCcons	1.1
PickPocket	1.1
SMM	
SMMPMBEC	

MHC Class II Prediction Algorithm	Version
NetMHCIIpan	3.0
SMMalign	1.1
NNalign	2.2

### Comprehensive filtering

Automatic filtering on the binding affinity ic50 value narrows down the results to only include "good" candidate peptides. The binding filter threshold can be adjusted by the user for each pVAC-Seq run, and additional filtering can be manually done by the user on the final result file to narrow down the candidate epitopes even further.

bam-readcount and cufflinks files can be provided by the user as additional input files and are used to extract coverage and expression data. When any bam-readcount or cufflinks files are provided, automatic filtering with adjustable thresholds on depth, VAF, and/or expression value will narrow down the results. The user can also manually run the coverage filter to further narrow down their results from the final output file.

The user can also specify an option to only keep the top scoring result for each allele-peptide length combination for each variant.

#### NetChop and NetMHCstab integration

Cleavage position predictions are added with optional processing through NetChop.

Stability predictions can be added if desired by the user. These predictions are obtained via NetMHCstab.

Installation

pVAC-Seq is written for Linux but some users have been able to run it successfully on Mac OS X. If you are using Windows you will need to set up a Linux environment, for example by setting up a virtual machine.

pVAC-Seq requires Python 3.5. Before running any installation steps check the Python version installed on your system:

```
python -V
```

If you don't have Python 3.5 installed, we recommend using Conda to emulate a Python 3.5. environment. We've encountered problems with users that already have Python 2.x installed when they also try to install Python 3.5. The defaults will not be set correctly in that case. If you already have Python 2.x installed we **strongly** recommend using Conda instead of installing Python 3.5 locally.

Once you have set up your Python 3.5 environment correctly you can use pip to install pVAC-Seq. Make sure you have pip installed. pip is generally included in python distributions, but may need to be upgraded before use. See the instructions for installing or upgrading pip.

After you have pip installed, type the following command on your Terminal (for Mac and Linux users) or the Command Prompt (for Windows users):

```
pip install pvacseq
```

You can check that pvacseq has been installed under the default environment by listing all installed packages:

```
pip list
```

pip will fetch and install pVAC-Seq and its dependencies for you. After installing, you can run pvacseq directly from the Terminal/Command Prompt.

If you have an old version of pVAC-Seq installed you might want to consider upgrading to the latest version:

```
pip install pvacseq --upgrade
```

# Installing IEDB binding prediction tools (optional)

You may create a local install of the IEDB binding prediction tools by first downloading the archives for class I and class II from the IEDB website. If using both the Class I and the Class II tools, they both need to be installed into the same parent directory.

Note: IEDB requires tcsh. You can install it by running sudo apt-get install tcsh.

### **MHC Class I**

```
tar -zxvf IEDB_MHC_I-2.15.tar.gz cd mhc_i ./configure
```

**Note:** Running the configure script requires a Python 2 environment. If you are currently emulating a Python 3 environment with Conda you will need to run source deactivate before executing the configure script.

Open method/netmhc\_4\_0\_executable/\_\_init\_\_.py and delete the first line (import pkg\_resources).

If you want to use the NerMHCcons prediction algorithm you will need to change the shebang line of certain files to explicitly use python2.7. The files in question are:

- method/netMHCcons-1.1/bin/pseudofind
- method/netMHC-3.4/netMHC

In these files change the shebang line to #! /usr/bin/env python2.7.

#### MHC Class II

```
tar -zxvf IEDB_MHC_II-2.15.tar.gz
cd mhc_ii
./configure.py
```

**Note:** Running the configure script requires a Python 2 environment. If you are currently emulating a Python 3 environment with Conda you will need to run source deactivate before executing the configure script.

**Prerequisites** 

### **VEP**

The input to the pVAC-Seq pipeline is a VEP annotated single-sample VCF. In addition to the standard VEP annotations, pVAC-Seq also requires the annotations provided by the Downstream and Wildtype VEP plugins.

To create a VCF for use with pVAC-Seq follow these steps:

- 1. Download and install the VEP command line tool following these instructions.
- 2. Download the VEP\_plugins from their GitHub repository.
- 3. Copy the Wildtype plugin provided with the pVAC-Seq package to the folder with the other VEP\_plugins:

```
pvacseq install_vep_plugin
```

4. Run VEP on the input vcf with at least the following options:

```
--format vcf
--vcf
--symbol
--plugin Downstream
--plugin Wildtype
--terms SO
```

The -dir\_plugins <VEP\_plugins directory> option may need to be set depending on where the VEP\_plugins were installed to.

Additional VEP options that might be desired can be found here.

### **Example VEP Command**

```
perl variant_effect_predictor.pl \
   --input_file <input VCF> --format vcf --output_file <output VCF> \
   --vcf --symbol --terms SO --plugin Downstream --plugin Wildtype \
   [--dir_plugins <VEP_plugins directory>]
```

# **Optional Preprocessing**

Coverage and expression data can be added to the pVAC-Seq processing by providing bam-readcount and/or Cufflinks output files as additional input files. These additional input files must be provided as a yaml file in the following structure:

```
gene_expn_file: <genes.fpkm_tracking file from Cufflinks>
transcript_expn_file: <isoforms.fpkm_tracking file from Cufflinks>
normal_snvs_coverage_file: <bam-readcount output file for normal BAM and snvs>
normal_indels_coverage_file: <bam-readcount output file for normal BAM and indels>
tdna_snvs_coverage_file: <bam-readcount output file for tumor DNA BAM and snvs>
tdna_indels_coverage_file: <bam-readcount output file for tumor DNA BAM and indels>
trna_snvs_coverage_file: <bam-readcount output file for tumor RNA BAM and snvs>
trna_indels_coverage_file: <bam-readcount output file for tumor RNA BAM and indels>
```

Each file in this list is optional, and its entry can be omitted. If no additional files exist then this yaml file is optional and can be omitted from the list of pvacseq arguments.

### bam-readcount

pVAC-Seq optionally accepts bam-readcount files as inputs to add coverage information (depth and VAF) for down-stream filtering. Depth and VAF are calculated from the read counts of the reference allele and alternate allele.

Follow the installation instructions on the bam-readcount GitHub page.

bam-readcount uses a bam file and regions file as input, and the bam regions may either contain snvs or indels. Indel regions must be run in a special insertion-centric mode. Any mixed input regions must be split into snvs and indels, and bam-reacount must then be run on each file individually using the same bam.

#### **Example bam-readcount command**

```
bam-readcount -f <reference fasta> -l <site list> <bam_file>
```

The -i option must be used when running indels bam in order to process indels in insertion-centric mode.

A minimum base quality of 20 is recommended which can be enabled by -b 20.

#### **Cufflinks**

pVAC-Seq optionally accepts Cufflinks files as inputs to extract gene and transcript expression data for downstream filtering.

Installation instructions for Cufflinks can be found on their GitHub page.

#### **Example Cufflinks command**

```
cufflinks <sam_file>
```

# Usage

```
usage: pvacseq run [-h] [-e EPITOPE_LENGTH] [-l PEPTIDE_SEQUENCE_LENGTH]
                   [--iedb-install-directory IEDB_INSTALL_DIRECTORY]
                   [-i ADDITIONAL_INPUT_FILE_LIST]
                   [--net-chop-method {cterm, 20s}] [--netmhc-stab] [-t]
                   [-m {lowest, median}] [-b BINDING_THRESHOLD]
                   [-c MINIMUM_FOLD_CHANGE] [--normal-cov NORMAL_COV]
                   [--tdna-cov TDNA_COV] [--trna-cov TRNA_COV]
                   [--normal-vaf NORMAL_VAF] [--tdna-vaf TDNA_VAF]
                   [--trna-vaf TRNA_VAF] [--expn-val EXPN_VAL]
                   [--net-chop-threshold NET_CHOP_THRESHOLD] [-s FASTA_SIZE]
                   [-r IEDB_RETRIES] [-d DOWNSTREAM_SEQUENCE_LENGTH] [-k]
                   input_file sample_name allele
                   {NNalign, NetMHC, NetMHCIIpan, NetMHCcons, NetMHCpan, PickPocket, SMM,
→SMMPMBEC, SMMalign}
                    [{NNalign, NetMHC, NetMHCIIpan, NetMHCcons, NetMHCpan, PickPocket, SMM,
→SMMPMBEC,SMMalign} ...]
                   output_dir
```

#### **Required Arguments**

**input\_file** A VEP-annotated single-sample VCF containing transcript, Wildtype pro-

tein sequence, and Downstream protein sequence information

**sample\_name** The name of the sample being processed. This will be used as a prefix for

output files

allele Name of the allele to use for epitope prediction. Multiple alleles can be

specified using a comma-separated list. For a list of available alleles, use:

'pvacseq valid\_alleles'

prediction\_algorithms The epitope prediction algorithms to use. Multiple prediction algo-

rithms can be specified, separated by spaces

Possible choices: NNalign, NetMHC, NetMHCIIpan, NetMHCcons,

NetMHCpan, PickPocket, SMM, SMMPMBEC, SMMalign

**output\_dir** The directory for writing all result files

#### **Optional Arguments**

**-e, --epitope-length** Length of subpeptides (neoepitopes) to predict. Multiple epitope lengths can be specified using a comma-separated list. Typical epitope lengths vary between 8-11. Required for Class I prediction algorithms

**-l=21, --peptide-sequence-length=21** Length of the peptide sequence to use when creating the FASTA. Default: 21

--iedb-install-directory Directory that contains the local installation of IEDB MHC I and/or MHC II

**-i, --additional-input-file-list** yaml file of additional files to be used as inputs, e.g. cufflinks output files. For an example of this yaml file run 'pvacseq config\_files additional\_input\_file\_list'.

**--net-chop-method** NetChop prediction method to use ("cterm" for C term 3.0, "20s" for 20S 3.0).

Possible choices: cterm, 20s

**--netmhc-stab=False** Run NetMHCStabPan after all filtering and add stability predictions to predicted epitopes

**-t=False, --top-result-per-mutation=False** Output only the top scoring result for each allelepetide length combination for each variant. Default: False

-m="median", --top-score-metric="median" The ic50 scoring metric to use when filtering epitopes by binding-threshold or minimum fold change. lowest: Best MT Score/Corresponding Fold Change - lowest MT ic50 binding score/corresponding fold change of all chosen prediction methods. median: Median MT Score/Median Fold Change - median MT ic50 binding score/fold change of all chosen prediction methods. Default: median

Possible choices: lowest, median

-b=500, --binding-threshold=500 Report only epitopes where the mutant allele has ic50 binding scores below this value. Default: 500

-c=0, --minimum-fold-change=0 Minimum fold change between mutant binding score and wild-type score. The default is 0, which filters no results, but 1 is often a sensible choice (requiring that binding is better to the MT than WT). Default: 0

--normal-cov=5 Normal Coverage Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. De-

**--tdna-cov=10** Tumor DNA Coverage Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. Default: 10

**--trna-cov=10** Tumor RNA Coverage Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. Default: 10

**--normal-vaf=2** Normal VAF Cutoff. Sites BELOW this cutoff in normal will be considered. Default: 2

**--tdna-vaf=40** Tumor DNA VAF Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. Default: 40

**--trna-vaf=40** Tumor RNA VAF Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. Default: 40

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- **--expn-val=1** Gene and Transcript Expression cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. Default: 1
- **--net-chop-threshold=0.5** NetChop prediction threshold. Default: 0.5
- -s=200, --fasta-size=200 Number of fasta entries per IEDB request. For some resource-intensive prediction algorithms like Pickpocket and NetMHCpan it might be helpful to reduce this number. Needs to be an even number.
- **-r=5**, **--iedb-retries=5** Number of retries when making requests to the IEDB RESTful web interface. Must be less than or equal to 100.Default: 5
- -d="1000", --downstream-sequence-length="1000" Cap to limit the downstream sequence length for frameshifts when creating the fasta file. Use 'full' to include the full downstream sequence. Default: 1000
- **-k=False**, **--keep-tmp-files=False** Keep intermediate output files. This migt be useful for debugging purposes.

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## Filtering Commands

pVAC-Seq currently offers two filters: a binding filter and a coverage filter.

The binding filter is always run automatically as part of the pVAC-Seq pipeline. The coverage filter is run automatically if bam-readcount or cufflinks file are provided as additional input files to a pVAC-Seq run.

Both filters can also be run manually to narrow the final results down further.

## **Binding Filter**

The binding filter filters out variants that don't pass the chosen binding threshold. The user can chose whether to apply this filter to the "lowest" or the "median" binding affinity score. The "lowest" binding affinity score is recorded in the "Best MT Score" column and represents the lowest ic50 score of all prediction algorithms that were picked during the previous pVAC-Seq run. The "median" binding affinity score is recorded in the "Median MT Score" column and corresponds to the median ic50 score of all prediction algorithms used to create the report.

The binding filter also offers the option to filter on Fold Change columns, which contain the ratio of the MT score to the WT Score. If the binding filter is set to "best", the "Corresponding Fold Change" column will be used. ("Corresponding WT Score"/"Best MT Score"). If the binding filter is set to "median", the "Median Fold Change" column will be used ("Median WT Score"/"Median MT Score").

#### **Required Arguments**

**input\_file** The final report .tsv file to filter

output\_file Output .tsv file containing list of filtered epitopes based on binding affinity

### **Optional Arguments**

**-b=500, --binding-threshold=500** Report only epitopes where the mutant allele has ic50 binding scores below this value. Default: 500

-c=0, --minimum-fold-change=0 Minimum fold change between mutant binding score and wild-type score. The default is 0, which filters no results, but 1 is often a sensible option (requiring that binding is better to the MT than WT). Default: 0

-m="median", --top-score-metric="median" The ic50 scoring metric to use when filtering epitopes by binding-threshold or minimum fold change. lowest: Best MT Score/Corresponding Fold Change - lowest MT ic50 binding score/corresponding fold change of all chosen prediction methods. median: Median MT Score/Median Fold Change - median MT ic50 binding score/fold change of all chosen prediction methods. Default: median

Possible choices: lowest, median

## **Coverage Filter**

If a pVAC-Seq process has been run with bam-readcount or Cufflinks input files then the coverage\_filter can be run again on the final report file to narrow down the results even further.

If no additional coverage input files have been provided to the main pVAC-Seq run then this information would need to be manually added to the report in order to run this filter.

```
usage: pvacseq coverage_filter [-h] [--normal-cov NORMAL_COV]

[--tdna-cov TDNA_COV] [--trna-cov TRNA_COV]

[--normal-vaf NORMAL_VAF] [--tdna-vaf TDNA_VAF]

[--trna-vaf TRNA_VAF] [--expn-val EXPN_VAL]

input_file output_file
```

#### **Required Arguments**

**input\_file** The final report .tsv file to filter

output\_file Output .tsv file containing list of filtered epitopes based on coverage and

expression values

#### **Optional Arguments**

normal-cov=5	Normal Coverage Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. Default: 5
tdna-cov=10	Tumor DNA Coverage Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. Default: 10
tmno cov-10	Tumor DNA Coverage Cutoff Sites above this outoff will be considered

--trna-cov=10 Tumor RNA Coverage Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered.

Default: 10

--normal-vaf=2 Normal VAF Cutoff. Sites BELOW this cutoff in normal will be consid-

ered. Default: 2

**--tdna-vaf=40** Tumor DNA VAF Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. De-

fault: 40

--trna-vaf=40 Tumor RNA VAF Cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be considered. De-

fault: 40

--expn-val=1 Gene and Transcript Expression cutoff. Sites above this cutoff will be con-

sideredDefault: 1

## **Additional Commands**

To make using pVAC-Seq easier several convenience methods are included in the package.

# **Download Example Data**

```
usage: pvacseq download_example_data [-h] destination_directory
```

### **Required Arguments**

destination\_directory Directory for downloading example data

# **Install VEP Plugin**

```
usage: pvacseq install_vep_plugin [-h] vep_plugins_path
```

### **Required Arguments**

**vep\_plugins\_path** Path to your VEP\_plugins directory

## **List Valid Alleles**

### **Optional Arguments**

-p, --prediction-algorithm The epitope prediction algorithms to use

Possible choices: NNalign, NetMHC, NetMHCIIpan, NetMHCcons, NetMHCpan, PickPocket, SMM, SMMPMBEC, SMMalign

# **Documentation For Configuration Files**

usage: pvacseq config\_files [-h] {additional\_input\_file\_list}

### **Required Arguments**

**config\_file\_type** The config file type to retrieve more information for

Possible choices: additional\_input\_file\_list

# Optional Downstream Analysis Tools

## **Generate Protein Fasta**

### **Required Arguments**

input\_file A VEP-annotated single-sample VCF containing transcript, Wildtype pro-

tein sequence, and Downstream protein sequence information

**peptide\_sequence\_length** Length of the peptide sequence to use when creating the FASTA.

output\_file The output fasta file

### **Optional Arguments**

-d="1000", --downstream-sequence-length="1000" Cap to limit the downstream sequence length for frameshifts when creating the fasta file. Use 'full' to include the full downstream sequence. Default: 1000

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Contact

Bug reports or feature requests can be submitted on the pVAC-Seq Github page. You may also contact us by email at pvacseq-support@genome.wustl.edu.

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# New in version 4.0.4

This release fixes a couple of minor bugs. Firstly, the pipeline will now skip variants that result in the loss of a start codon. Secondly, this release fixes a bug that would result in an error when the input VCF doesn't contain any sample genotype information. VCFs with no samples will now be fully processed through the pipeline.

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Citation

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